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APPLICATION NO.	Fil	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/685,323	1	0/14/2003	Franck J. Barrat	DX01177B	5022	
28008	7590	03/10/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
DNAX RES			BELYAVSKYI, MICHAIL A			
LEGAL DEI 901 CALIFO				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PALO ALTO, CA 94304				1644		

DATE MAILED: 03/10/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		T:						
		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	o	10/685,323	BARRAT ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Michail A. Belyavskyi	1644					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
	• •	V/I0 000 TO 5V/5VD - 146VD						
WHI( - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Designs of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Properties of the properties of	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)[\inf	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 L	December 2005.						
•	·	s action is non-final.						
3)□	·-							
	closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 20,22-27 and 37-41 is/are pending in	n the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.						
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>20,22-27 and 37-41</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Applicat	on Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examina	er.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) $\square$ objected to by the I	Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
_	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		•					
11)[_]	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		)-(d) or (f).					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	-	ed in this National Stage					
* 0	application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list		,d					
	bee the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	eu.					
Attachmen	Ne\							
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate					
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No/s)/Mail Date	)	atent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6)								

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## RESPONSE TO APPLICANT'S AMENDMENT

1. Applicant's amendment, filed 12/19/05 is acknowledged.

Claims 20, 22-27 and 37-41 are pending.

In view of the amendment, filed 12/19/05, the following rejection remains:

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969). A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claims 20, 22-27 and 37-41 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,670,146 in view of US Patent 5,858,358 for the same reasons set forth in the previous Office Action mailed on 09/21/05.

Applicant's arguments, filed 12/19/05 have been fully considered, but have not been found convincing.

Applicant asserts that US Patent '146 does not render the present invention, because it does not recites the method comprising using anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibody.

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As has been stated in the previous Office Action, it is the Examiner position, that Claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,670,146 recite a method of obtaining a regulatory T cells, comprising contacting naive CD34+ T cells with a stimulatory signal and combination of vitamin D3 and dexamethasone, wherein the regulatory T cell produces essentially only IL-10 and a population of cell made by said method.

Claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,670,146 do not explicitly recite a method of obtaining a regulatory T cells, wherein the stimulatory signal comprises anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibody.

US Patent '358 teaches a method of stimulating CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells with a stimulatory signals wherein stimulatory signal comprises anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibodies (see entire document, column 2, 11, 12 and 18 in particular). US Patent '358 teaches that use of anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibodies as a stimulatory signal is an advantage because this allows stimulation without the need for antigen and thus providing a means for sustained proliferation of the selected population of CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells over an extended period of time to yield a multi-fold increase in the number of these cells (see column 2, lines 1-10 and overlapping columns 11-12 in particular).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of US Patent '358 to those of Claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,670,146 to obtain a claimed method of obtaining a regulatory T cells, wherein the stimulatory signal comprises anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibody

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to do so, because the use of anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibodies as a stimulatory signal is an advantage because this allows stimulation without the need for antigen and thus providing a means for sustained proliferation of the selected population of CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells over an extended period of time to yield a multi-fold increase in the number of these cells as taught by US Patent 358. Said anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibodies can be used as an stimulatory signal in the method recited in claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,670,146. The strongest rationale for combining references is a recognition, expressly or impliedly in the prior art or drawn from a convincing line of reasoning based on established scientific principles or legal precedent, that some advantage or expected beneficial result would have been produced by their combination. In re Semaker. 217 USPQ 1, 5 - 6 (Fed. Cir. 1983). See MPEP 2144.

From the combined teaching of the references, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole was *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

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4. No claim is allowed.

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michail Belyavskyi whose telephone number is 571/272-0840 The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on 571/272-0841.

The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michail Belyavskyi, Ph.D. Patent Examiner Technology Center 1600 March 6, 2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600